Update on Payments Awarded for Covid-19 Pandemic Unemployment Payment and Enhanced Illness Benefit

From Department of Social Protection

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350,000 receive the Pandemic Unemployment Payment this week

€103.8 million paid out in PUP payments

37,430 receive a higher PUP rate based on their higher average earnings

Quickest and easiest way to apply for PUP is online at www.MyWelfare.ie

This week, the Department of Social Protection has issued payments valued at €103.8 million, up from €99 million last week, to 350,072 people in receipt of the Pandemic Unemployment Payment (PUP).

The number of people receiving a PUP payment this week represents an increase of just over 7,500 on the 342,505 people paid last week.

The sector with the highest number of people in receipt of the Pandemic Unemployment Payment is Accommodation and Food Service Activities (102,682) followed by Wholesale and Retail Trade (57,015) and Other Sectors e.g. hairdressers and beauty salons (31,048).

This week's figures are in addition to the 203,172 people who were reported on the Live Register as of the end of October. All Covid-19 Pandemic Unemployment Payments issued will be in recipients' bank accounts or at their local post office tomorrow, Tuesday, 17th November.

Earlier this month, Social Protection Minister Heather Humphreys secured approval at Cabinet to extend the 2020 earnings reference for employees to September 2020.

This means that people who only commenced employment after February 2020 but have now been laid-off due to increased restrictions can have their payment rate fixed by reference to their earnings in the period January to September 2020.

As a result of this change, some 37,430 people receiving PUP this week will see an increase in their rate of payment. No one will have their weekly rate of payment reduced as a result of this re-assessment of their earnings.

Commenting on this week's figures, Minister Humphreys said:

- "While the number of people receiving PUP has increased again this week, it is heartening to see the rate of increase reduce.
- "The overall number is also much smaller than during the first period of Level 5 restrictions in March and April.
- "This reflects the fact that a wider range of sectors have been able to continue trading, such as in construction and manufacturing.
- "However, the number of people in receipt of PUP remains high, demonstrating why it was so important to keep PUP open to new entrants.
- "As Minister for Social Protection, I will continue to ensure that our welfare supports are available to the people who need them most during this difficult time.
- "I would also like to remind the self-employed that they can earn up to €480 per month and continue to claim PUP."

She continued:

- "The regulations that I announced recently extend the reference period used to assess a person's prior earnings to end of September.
- "A person's prior weekly earnings will now be assessed based on 2019, January to February 2020 and January to September 2020. In order to be as fair as possible to people, the PUP payment rate will be set by reference to the highest of these three amounts.
- "As a result of these changes and other more up to date customer earnings data received from Revenue, over 37,400 recipients of PUP will receive an increase in their weekly payment commencing this week."

PUP Payment Rates

PUP is paid at four rates. With effect from 2nd October,

- those with prior gross weekly earnings **below €200** will continue to receive a rate of **€203 per week.**
- those with prior gross weekly earnings of €200 to €299.99 will continue to receive €250 per week.
- those with prior gross weekly earnings of €300 to €399.99 will continue to receive €300 per week.
- those with prior gross weekly earnings of €400 or more will receive a rate of €350 per week.

The number of people receiving the maximum rate of \in 350 this week is 160,115 which represent 46% of the total number receiving PUP with those receiving \in 300, \in 250 and \in 203 representing 18% respectively.

PUP is paid weekly in arrears with applications received up to close of business on Thursday in any week being processed for payment on the following Tuesday. Applications received after Thursday each week, are processed as part of the following week's claims and paid in the next week after that.

Earnings Assessment: Employees

Reflecting the re-introduction of restrictions in October and under new Regulations recently announced, Social Protection Minister, Heather Humphreys, TD, has changed the reference period used to assess a person's prior earnings. Until now, a person's average weekly earnings were assessed by reference to their earnings in 2019 or in the pre-Covid January – February period of 2020 with their payment rate being set based on the higher of these two figures.

Under the change made this week and with effect from 2nd October, earnings are also being assessed by reference to the full period January to September 2020. A person's prior weekly earnings will now be assessed based on 2019, January to February 2020 and January to September 2020. Their PUP payment rate will be set by reference to the highest of these three amounts.

This means that people who only commenced employment after February 2020 but have now been laid-off due to Covid-19 public health restrictions can have their payment rate determined by reference to their earnings in the period January to September 2020.

In addition, people who may have been in employment before February 2020 but whose earnings have reduced in the period since February (e.g. if working hours reduced) can still have their PUP payment rate set by reference to their earlier, higher earnings.

As a result of this change, some 37,430 people receiving PUP this week will see an increase in their rate of payment. No one will have their weekly rate of payment reduced as a result of this re-assessment of their earnings.

Earnings Assessment: Self-employed

In the case of self-employed people, earnings have been assessed based on the 2019 and 2018 earnings returns to Revenue with the higher figure being used to determine the payment rate.

As self-employment earnings are filed with Revenue on an annual basis the assessment of self-employed earnings will continue as before to be based on the best of a person's 2018 or 2019 earnings. Any earnings a person may have received as an employee during 2019 will also be considered and added to their self-employment earnings for the purpose of setting the appropriate PUP payment rate.

Self-employed people can also continue to earn up to €480 per month while in receipt of PUP, take up the Part-Time Job Incentive Scheme or avail of standard jobseeker payments.

Any person, including any self-employed person, who believes that their new payment rate does not accurately reflect their prior earnings, can contact the Department to request a review of earnings and forward all supporting documents, which will be matched with Revenue records. They can contact the Department by:

- Emailing PUPRerate@welfare.ie; or
- Writing to Pandemic Unemployment Rerate Requests, DSP, Intreo Centre, Cork Road, Waterford or
- Calling the Helpline at **1890 800 024** which is open from 9am to 5pm Monday to Friday.

People returning to work

In the past seven days, some 4,492 people closed their PUP, with over 63% (2,868) stating that they were doing so because they are returning to work.

The Department continues to remind workers who are returning to work that they must close their claim for the Pandemic Unemployment Payment (PUP) on the actual date that they start back at work, in order to ensure that their claim is processed correctly.

The easiest way to close a claim for the Pandemic Unemployment Payment is online via www.MyWelfare.ie. Any worker returning to work with an enquiry about closing their claim, can contact the Department's dedicated income support helpline at 1890 800 024 between 9am and 5pm Monday to Friday.

The largest cohort of people who closed their claims to return to work is in the 25-34 age group (792), followed by those aged 35-44 (663). Full details are available at Appendix 8.

Employment supports available for when people return to work

There are a range of supports for the self-employed who are receiving the Pandemic Unemployment Payment and who are looking to restart their business. In order to reduce the risk of moving from the certainty of the PUP payment to the uncertainty of trading income, self-employed people on PUP, including those who work in the arts/entertainment industry, taxi drivers and others, can now earn up to €480 per month, while retaining their full PUP entitlement.

In addition, the Part-Time Job Incentive scheme is available to self-employed people who come off PUP or a jobseeker's payment. This scheme, which allows a person to receive a partial jobseeker's payment, while retaining employment income, may be particularly suited in circumstances where a self-employed person's income exceeds the €480 per month income threshold on PUP.

Employees, who satisfy the relevant criteria, may claim casual (i.e. part-time) jobseeker's payments or Short-Time Work Support payments for days of unemployment, even where their employer is claiming the Employment Wage Subsidy Scheme for days of employment. The normal scheme rules and application processes for casual jobseeker payments and Short-Time Work Support apply, including completion of the relevant forms by the employer to certify days of employment and unemployment.

Applying for PUP

To apply for the Pandemic Unemployment Payment, the easiest and quickest way is to do so online at www.MyWelfare.ie. When applying, people should provide the name of their employer and details of their last day of employment.

In the interests of the public health advice and observing social distancing people are asked, if possible, not to attend their local Intreo Centre. Instead, they should avail of the online services available through www.MyWelfare.ie.

Covid-19 Enhanced Illness Benefit Payment

Since March, a cumulative total of 87,146 people under the age of 66 have been medically certified for receipt of the Covid-19 Enhanced Illness Benefit.

Today, some 2,500 people are currently in receipt of an Enhanced Illness Benefit payment.

The number of people medically certified to receive the Enhanced Illness Benefit has increased in every county again this week, the greatest number being in Dublin (24,072), followed by Cork (9,466), Galway (5,345), Kildare (4,249) and Meath (3,514).

There has also been an increase in every sector affected by the Covid-19 virus again this week. The sectors with the greatest number of people medically certified for receipt of a Covid-19 Illness Benefit payment are Wholesale and Retail Trade (18,689) and Human Health and Social Work (16,104), followed by Manufacturing (12,018). Full details are at Appendices 9, 10 and 11.

Appendices

- Appendix 1 Analysis of Pandemic Unemployment Payments by County
- Appendix 2 Pandemic Unemployment Payments by Sector
- Appendix 3 Pandemic Unemployment Payments by Age Profile
- Appendix 4 Pandemic Unemployment Payment Rates by gender
- Appendix 5 Pandemic Unemployment Payment Rates by age
- Appendix 6 Analysis of People who Closed their PUP Claim to Return to Work
- Appendix 7 Analysis of Closed Pandemic Unemployment Payments by Sector
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Appendix 1 - Analysis of Pandemic Unemployment Payments

There are 350,072 people in receipt a Pandemic Unemployment Payment of which 176,636 are female and 173,436 are male.

County Breakdown

Number of people in receipt of a Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 17th November	Number of people in receipt of a Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 10th November	Number of people in receipt of a Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 5th May
3,676	3,606	7,800
	receipt of a Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 17th November	receipt of a Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 17th November receipt of a Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 10th November

	4.710	4.650	0.700
Cavan	4,719	4,659	9,700
Clare	7,494	7,362	14,600
Cork	35,193	34,529	61,900
Donegal	12,360	12,060	22,700
Dublin	113,902	111,588	174,200
Galway	19,498	19,158	32,300
Kerry	13,864	13,547	22,200
Kildare	15,381	15,033	26,100
Kilkenny	5,546	5,449	10,600
Laois	4,637	4,497	8,600
Leitrim	2,027	1,968	4,100
Limerick	13,782	13,475	22,300
Longford	2,325	2,228	4,500
Louth	10,745	10,443	17,300
Mayo	9,356	9,071	16,400
Meath	13,111	12,862	25,000
Monaghan	4,164	4,036	8,200
Offaly	4,357	4,263	8,900
Roscommon	3,462	3,363	7,100
Sligo	4,355	4,263	7,700
Tipperary	9,379	9,171	18,800
Waterford	8,214	8,009	14,100
Westmeath	6,543	6,368	11,700
Wexford	10,679	10,384	20,500
Wicklow	10,663	10,467	18,700
County not included	640	646	2,000
Total	350,072	342,505	598,000

Appendix 2 – Pandemic Unemployment Payments - Sector Breakdown

The sector with the highest number of people in receipt of the Pandemic Unemployment Payment is Accommodation and Food Service Activities (102,682) followed by Wholesale and Retail Trade (57,015) and Other Sectors e.g. hairdressers and beauty salons (31,048).

Sector Breakdown

	Number of people in	Number of people in	Number of people in
	receipt of Pandemic	receipt of Pandemic	• •
Industrial Sector	Unemployment	Unemployment	receipt of Pandemic
inaustrial sector	Payment on 17th	Payment on 10th	Unemployment
	•	•	Payment on 5th May
	November	November	·

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Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; Mining	4,321	4,105	8,600
and Quarrying	1,521	1,100	0,000
Manufacturing	15,465	15,263	37,400
Electricity, gas			
supply; Water supply, sewerage and	1,134	1,108	2,100
waste management			
Construction	21,061	20,439	79,300
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and motorcycles	57,015	55,516	90,300
Transportation and storage	9,127	8,959	17,900
Accommodation and food service activities	102,682	100,994	128,500
Information and communication activities	7,526	7,449	11,800
Financial and insurance activities	7,119	7,030	12,500
Real Estate activities	5,442	5,348	8,100
Professional, Scientific and Technical activities	13,294	13,095	24,800
Administrative and support service activities	29,674	28,664	45,800
Public Administration And Defence; Compulsory Social Security	5,354	5,307	14,400
Education	10,340	10,353	22,000
Human Health And Social Work activities	10,271	10,144	22,500
Arts, entertainment and recreation	11,973	11,781	14,200
Other Sectors	31,048	30,141	39,200
Unclassified or unknown	7,226	6,809	18,600
Total	350,072	342,505	598,000

Appendix 3 – Pandemic Unemployment Payment - Age Profile

Age category	Number of people in receipt of Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 17th November	Number of people in receipt of Pandemic Unemployment Payment on 10th November
< 25	89,406	86,944
25-34	80,079	78,337
35-44	75,788	74,227
45-54	59,827	58,820
55+	44,972	44,177
Total	350,072	342,505

Appendix 4 – Pandemic Unemployment Payment Rates breakdown by gender

		Number of people		
Gender	-	in receipt of €300 on 17th November	-	-
Male	93,670	28,432	25,666	25,668
Female	66,445	35,399	37,884	36,908
Total	160,115	63,831	63,550	62,576

Appendix 5 – Pandemic Unemployment Payment Rates breakdown by age

Age category	in receipt of €350	Number of people in receipt of €300 on 17th November	in receipt of €250	in receipt of €203
< 25	22,175	21,134	25,227	20,870
25-34	44,243	15,336	11,202	9,298
35-44	41,950	11,640	10,633	11,565
45-54	31,127	9,000	9,006	10,694
55+	20,620	6,721	7,482	10,149
Total	160,115	63,831	63,550	62,576

Appendix 6 – Analysis of Closed PUP payments to return to Work

Around 2,868 people who have closed their account for return to work since 8th November will receive a Pandemic Unemployment Payment tomorrow, 17th November. Of these 1,630 are male and 1,238 are female.

County Breakdown

	Number of people who	Number of people who	Number of people who
County	closed their PUP	closed their PUP	closed their PUP
	payment from 17th	payment from 10th	payment from 3rd

	November to return to work	November to return to work	November to return to work
Carlow	40	25	31
Cavan	67	57	49
Clare	67	51	52
Cork	316	288	273
Donegal	98	75	73
Dublin	837	675	761
Galway	165	154	141
Kerry	80	79	74
Kildare	153	108	128
Kilkenny	46	27	24
Laois	30	26	42
Leitrim	17	12	11
Limerick	106	81	81
Longford	17	15	22
Louth	79	76	68
Mayo	61	47	55
Meath	119	80	111
Monaghan	38	32	37
Offaly	53	40	37
Roscommon	26	16	32
Sligo	34	22	25
Tipperary	88	71	76
Waterford	66	51	55
Westmeath	69	44	45
Wexford	98	68	81
Wicklow	90	92	64
County not included	8	7	12
Total	2,868	2,319	2,460

Appendix 7 – Closed Pandemic Unemployment Payments - Sector Breakdown

The top three sectors from which employees closed their Pandemic Unemployment Payment in the week ending 17th November to return to work are Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and motorcycles (532), Accommodation and Food Service Activities (482) and Construction (322).

	Number of people who	Number of people who
Industrial Sector	closed their PUP payment	closed their PUP payment
muusti iai sectoi	from 17th November to	from 10th November to
	return to work	return to work

Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; Mining and Quarrying	36	26
Manufacturing	296	242
Electricity, gas supply; Water supply, sewerage and waste management	7	10
Construction	322	239
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and motorcycles	532	359
Transportation and storage	96	101
Accommodation and food service activities	482	405
Information and communication activities	62	69
Financial and insurance activities	59	47
Real Estate activities	25	28
Professional, Scientific and Technical activities	140	123
Administrative and support service activities	242	206
Public Administration And Defence; Compulsory Social Security	69	68
Education	121	121
Human Health And Social Work activities	187	140
Arts, entertainment and recreation	65	57
Other Sectors (e.g. hairdressers and beauty salons)	102	63
Unclassified or unknown	25	15
Total	2,868	2,319

Appendix 8 – Closed Pandemic Unemployment Payments to return to work – Age Profile

Age category	Number of people who closed their PUP payment from 17th November to return to work	Number of people who closed their PUP payment from 10th November to return to work
< 25	629	458
25-34	792	620

Total	2,868	2,319
55+	296	288
45-54	488	419
35-44	663	534

Appendix 9 - Analysis of Covid-19 Enhanced Illness Benefit

To date, 87,146 people have been medically certified for receipt of a Covid-19 related Illness Benefit payment, of whom 47,848 are female and 39,298 are male.

Some 2,500 people are currently in receipt of an Enhanced Illness Benefit payment.

County Breakdown (based on the county recorded on the Illness Benefit certificate)

County	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 17th November	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 10th November	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 3rd November
Carlow	1,211	1,182	1,144
Cavan	2,272	2,228	2,139
Clare	1,588	1,544	1,479
Cork	9,466	9,220	8,885
Donegal	2,541	2,437	2,315
Dublin	24,072	23,495	22,906
Galway	5,345	5,197	4,987
Kerry	2,070	2,002	1,929
Kildare	4,249	4,173	4,052
Kilkenny	1,772	1,713	1,669
Laois	1,467	1,416	1,375
Leitrim	389	379	365
Limerick	2,960	2,883	2,786
Longford	734	697	674
Louth	2,523	2,465	2,360
Mayo	2,017	1,928	1,860
Meath	3,514	3,386	3,252
Monaghan	1,609	1,573	1,525
Offaly	1,377	1,349	1,311
Roscommon	1,243	1,217	1,190
Sligo	828	795	760
Tipperary	3,139	3,072	2,953
Waterford	3,079	2,982	2,865

Westmeath	1,584	1,540	1,489
Wexford	2,997	2,907	2,812
Wicklow	2,572	2,527	2,467
Other (NI & Foreign Address)	528	496	450
Total	87,146	84,803	81,999

Appendix 10 – Covid-19 Enhanced Illness Benefit - Sector Breakdown

The sectors with the highest number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of a Covid-19 Illness Benefit payment to date are Wholesale and Retail Trade (18,689), Human Health and Social Work (16,104) and Manufacturing (12,018).

Sector Breakdown

Industrial Sector	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 17th November	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 10th November	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 3rd November
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; Mining and Quarrying	852	819	787
Manufacturing	12,018	11,707	11,301
Electricity, gas, steam supply; Water supply; Sewerage, waste management	433	424	405
Construction	3,921	3,785	3,616
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and motorcycles	18,689	18,178	17,551
Transportation and storage	3,177	3,093	2,983
Accommodation and food service activities	5,369	5,177	4,942
Information and communication activities	1,427	1,384	1,348
Financial and insurance activities	3,144	3,085	3,011
Real Estate activities	717	679	661

Total	87,146	84,803	81,999
Unclassified or unknown	1,211	1,142	1,069
Other Sectors	2,997	2,921	2,834
Arts, entertainment and recreation	848	825	780
Human Health And Social Work activities	16,104	15,772	15,397
Education	2,313	2,221	2,117
Public Administration And Defence; Compulsory Social Security	3,514	3,412	3,296
Administrative and support service activities	7,692	7,528	7,329
Professional, Scientific and Technical activities	2,720	2,651	2,572

Appendix 11 – Enhanced Illness Benefit - Age Profile

Age category	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 17th November	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 10th November	Number of people who have been medically certified for receipt of Enhanced Illness Benefit to 3rd November
< 25	13,195	12,648	12,060
25-34	21,563	20,976	20,282
35-44	23,971	23,392	22,717
45-54	17,308	16,893	16,366
55+	11,109	10,894	10,574
Total	87,146	84,803	81,999